CS 173, Spring 2015 Examlet 10, Part A	_
Examlet 10 Part A	Τ,

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Discussion: Monday 9 10 11 12 1 2 3 4 5

(15 points) Use (strong) induction to prove the following claim:

Claim:  $n^2 < 2^n$  for any integer  $n \ge 5$ .

Hint: first prove that  $2n + 1 \le n^2$  for any integer  $n \ge 5$ . (This doesn't require induction.)

Base Case(s):

Inductive Hypothesis [Be specific, don't just refer to "the claim"]:

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(15 points) Use (strong) induction to prove the following claim:

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Claim:  $\sum_{k=n+1}^{2n} \frac{1}{k} \geq \frac{7}{12}$ , for any integer  $n \geq 2$ .

Hint: recall that if  $x \leq y$ , then  $\frac{1}{y} \leq \frac{1}{x}$ 

Base Case(s):

Inductive Hypothesis [Be specific, don't just refer to "the claim"]:

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(15 points) Let function  $f: \mathbb{Z}^+ \to \mathbb{N}$  be defined by

$$f(1) = 0$$

$$f(n) = 1 + f(\lfloor n/2 \rfloor)$$
, for  $n \ge 2$ ,

Use (strong) induction on n to prove that  $f(n) \leq \log_2 n$  for any positive integer n. You cannot assume that n is a power of 2. However, you can assume that the log function is increasing (if  $x \leq y$  then  $\log x \leq \log y$ ) and that  $\lfloor x \rfloor \leq x$ .

Base Case(s):

Inductive Hypothesis [Be specific, don't just refer to "the claim"]:

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Discussion:	Monday	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5	
(15 points) Use (s	strong) induction	on to	prove	the fol	lowing	claim	ı:				
Claim: For all	integers $n \ge 2$ ,	(2n)!	$> 2^n n$	n!							
Base Case(s):											

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Discussion:	Monday	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5	
points) Use (s	strong) induction	on to	prove	the fol	lowing	claim	ı:				
Claim: For any ase Case(s):	natural numbe	er n a	and an	y real i	number	x >	-1,	(1+a)	$(x)^n \ge$	1+	

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(15 points) Use (strong) induction to prove the following claim:

9

Claim: For any positive integer n,  $\sum_{p=1}^{n} \frac{1}{\sqrt{p}} \leq 2\sqrt{n}$ 

Hint: notice that  $(\sqrt{n} - \sqrt{n+1})^2 \ge 0$ . What does this imply about  $2\sqrt{n}\sqrt{n+1}$ ?

Base Case(s):

Inductive Hypothesis [Be specific, don't just refer to "the claim"]: