FIRST:	LAST:

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```
01 maxpair(a_1, \ldots, a_n): an array of n positive integers, n \ge 2
02
      if (n = 1) return 0
      else if (n = 2) return a_1 + a_2
03
04
      else
05
          p = \lfloor n/3 \rfloor
06
          q = \lfloor 2n/3 \rfloor
          rv = max(maxpair(a_1, ..., a_p), maxpair(a_{q+1}, ..., a_n))
07
08
          for i=p to q
09
             rv = \max(rv, a_i + a_{i+1})
10
          return rv
```

1. (5 points) Let T(n) be the running time of maxpair. Give a recursive definition of T(n).

2. (3 points) What is the height of the recursion tree for T(n), assuming n is a power of 3?

3. (3 points) What is amount of work (aka sum of the values in the nodes) at level k of this tree?

4. (4 points) How many leaves does this recursion tree have? Simplify so that your answer is easy to compare to standard running times. Recall that  $\log_b x = \log_a x \log_b a$ .

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```
1 procedure ComputeIt(a_1,...,a_n) \\ input is an array of n positive integers m:=0
3 for i:=1 to n-1
4 for j:=i+1 to n
5 if |a_i-a_j|>m then m:=|a_i-a_j|
6 return m
```

1. (4 points) What value does the algorithm return if the input list is 4, 13, 20, 5, 8, 10

2. (4 points) Let T(n) be the number of times that line 5 is executed. Express T(n) using summation notation, directly following the structure of the code.

3. (4 points) Find an (exact) closed form for T(n). Show your work.

4. (3 points) What is the big-theta running time of ComputeIt?

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- 01 Magic $(a_1, a_2, \dots a_n)$ : list of real numbers)
- 02 if (n = 1) then return 0
- 03 else if (n = 2) then return  $|a_1 a_2|$
- 04 else
- $05 L = Magic(a_2, a_3, \dots, a_n)$
- $R = \operatorname{Magic}(a_1, a_2, \dots, a_{n-1})$
- $Q = |a_1 a_n|$
- os return max(L,R,Q)

Removing the first element of a list takes constant time; removing the last element takes O(n) time.

- 1. (3 points) Give a succinct English description of what Magic computes.
- 2. (4 points) Suppose T(n) is the running time of Magic. Give a recursive definition of T(n).

3. (4 points) What is the height of the recursion tree for T(n)?

4. (4 points) How many leaves are in the recursion tree for T(n)?

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```
01 Frog(p_1, \ldots, p_n : \text{list of } n \text{ 2D points}, n \geq 3)
02
             if (n = 3)
03
                    return the largest of d(p_1, p_2), d(p_1, p_3), and d(p_2, p_3)
04
             else
05
                    \mathbf{x} = \operatorname{Frog}(p_2, p_3, p_4, \dots, p_n)
                                                               \\ removing p_1 from list takes constant time
                                                               \ removing p_2 from list takes constant time
06
                    y = Frog(p_1, p_3, p_4, \dots, p_n)
                                                               \ removing p_3 from list takes constant time
07
                    z = \operatorname{Frog}(p_1, p_2, p_4, \dots, p_n)
08
                    return max(x, y,z)
```

The function d(p,q) returns (in constant time) the straight-line distance between two points p and q.

1. (5 points) Suppose T(n) is the running time of Frog on an input array of length n. Give a recursive definition of T(n).

2. (4 points) What is the height of the recursion tree for T(n)?

3. (3 points) How many leaves are in the recursion tree for T(n)?

4. (3 points) What is the big-Theta running time of Frog?

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```
00 diff(a_1, \ldots, a_n): list of n positive integers, n \ge 2)
01 if (n = 2) return |a_1 - a_2|
02 else
03 bestval = 0
04 for k = 1 to n
05 newval = diff(a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_{k-1}, a_{k+1}, \ldots a_n) \\ constant time to remove a_k
06 if (newval > bestval) bestval = newval
07 return bestval
```

- 1. (3 points) Describe (in English) what diff computes.
- 2. (5 points) Suppose that T(n) is the running time of diff on an input list of length n. Give a recursive definition of T(n).

3. (3 points) What is the height of the recursion tree for T(n)?

4. (4 points) How many leaf nodes are there in the recursion tree for T(n)?

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```
01 Getpower(k,n) \\ inputs are natural numbers
02
         if (n = 0) return 1
03
         else if (n = 1) return k
04
         else if (n is odd)
05
               temp = getpower(k,floor(n/2))
               return k*temp*temp
06
07
         else
08
               temp = getpower(k,floor(n/2))
09
               return temp*temp
```

1. (5 points) Suppose T(n) is the running time of Getpower. Give a recursive definition of T(n).

2. (4 points) What is the height of the recursion tree for T(n)?

3. (3 points) How many leaves are in the recursion tree for T(n)?

4. (3 points) What is the big-Theta running time of Getpower?