

CS 173, Fall 2016
Examlet 12, Part B

NETID:

FIRST:

LAST:

Discussion: Thursday 2 3 4 5 Friday 9 10 11 12 1 2

(9 points) Let $f : \mathbb{Z}^+ \rightarrow \mathbb{P}(\mathbb{Z}^+)$ be defined by $f(n) = \{p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ : n|p\}$. Suppose that $f(a) = f(b) \cap f(c)$. Express a in terms of b and c . Briefly justify your answer.

(6 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

The number of ways to select a set of 17
flowers chosen from 4 possible varieties
(zero or more of each variety).

$\binom{17}{5}$	<input type="checkbox"/>	$\binom{20}{4}$	<input type="checkbox"/>	$\binom{20}{3}$	<input type="checkbox"/>
$\binom{17}{4}$	<input type="checkbox"/>	$\binom{21}{4}$	<input type="checkbox"/>	$\frac{17!}{4!}$	<input type="checkbox"/>

$\binom{0}{0}$	-1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	1	<input type="checkbox"/>	2	<input type="checkbox"/>	undefined	<input type="checkbox"/>
----------------	----	--------------------------	---	--------------------------	---	--------------------------	---	--------------------------	-----------	--------------------------

$\mathbb{P}(A) \cup \mathbb{P}(B) = \mathbb{P}(A \cup B)$

always ☐

sometimes ☐

never ☐

CS 173, Fall 2016
Examlet 12, Part B

NETID:

FIRST:

LAST:

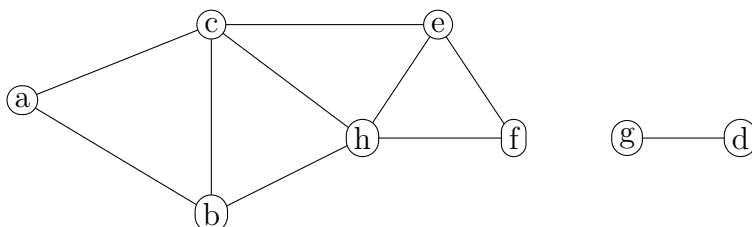
Discussion: **Thursday** **2** **3** **4** **5** **Friday** **9** **10** **11** **12** **1** **2**

Graph G is at right.

V is the set of nodes.

E is the set of edges.

ab (or ba) is the edge between a and b .



Let $f : V \rightarrow \mathbb{P}(E)$ be defined by $f(n) = \{e \in E \mid n \text{ is an endpoint of } e\}$. And let $T = \{f(n) \mid n \in V\}$.

(6 points) Fill in the following values:

$$|E| =$$

$$f(d) =$$

$$f(h) =$$

(7 points) Is T a partition of E ? For each of the conditions required to be a partition, briefly explain why T does or doesn't satisfy that condition.

(2 points) State the definition of $\binom{n}{k}$, i.e. express $\binom{n}{k}$ in terms of more basic arithmetic operations.

CS 173, Fall 2016
Examlet 12, Part B

NETID:

FIRST:

LAST:

Discussion: Thursday 2 3 4 5 Friday 9 10 11 12 1 2

Let $f : \mathbb{Z}_{12} \rightarrow \mathbb{P}(\mathbb{Z}_{12})$ be defined by $f(x) = \{y \in \mathbb{Z}_{12} \mid y^2 = x\}$.

Let $S = \{f(x) \mid x \in \mathbb{Z}_{12}\}$.

(6 points) Fill in the following values. (You can write elements of \mathbb{Z}_{12} as plain integers, without brackets.)

$$f(4) =$$

$$f(7) =$$

$$S =$$

(7 points) Is S a partition of \mathbb{Z}_{12} ? For each of the conditions required to be a partition, briefly explain why S does or doesn't satisfy that condition.

(2 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

Let A be a non-empty set,
 $\{A\}$ is a partition of A .

always

☐

sometimes

☐

never

☐

CS 173, Fall 2016
Examlet 12, Part B

NETID:

FIRST:

LAST:

Discussion: Thursday 2 3 4 5 Friday 9 10 11 12 1 2

(9 points) Suppose that A and B are sets, C_A is a partition of A and C_B is a partition of B . Is $C_A \cup C_B$ a partition of $A \cup B$? Briefly justify your answer.

(6 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

There is a set A such that
 $|\mathbb{P}(A)| \leq 2$.

true ☐ false ☐

Pascal's identity states
 that $\binom{n}{k}$ is equal to

$\binom{n-1}{k} + \binom{n-1}{k-1}$ ☐ $\binom{n-1}{k} + \binom{n-1}{k+1}$ ☐ $\binom{n-1}{k} + \binom{n-2}{k}$ ☐

$\{\{a, b\}, c\} = \{a, b, c\}$

true ☐ false ☐

CS 173, Fall 2016
Examlet 12, Part B

NETID:

FIRST:

LAST:

Discussion: Thursday 2 3 4 5 Friday 9 10 11 12 1 2

Suppose that $A = \{2, 3, 5, 13, 17\}$. Let's define a function $F : A \rightarrow \mathbb{P}(A)$ and a set S as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} F(x) &= \{y \in A \mid y \text{ is a factor of } x\} \\ S &= \{F(x) \mid x \in A\} \end{aligned}$$

(6 points) Fill in the following values:

$$F(13) =$$

$$S =$$

(7 points) Is S a partition of A ? For each of the conditions required to be a partition, briefly explain why S does or doesn't satisfy that condition.

(2 points) State the binomial theorem.

CS 173, Fall 2016
Examlet 12, Part B

NETID:

FIRST:

LAST:

Discussion: Thursday 2 3 4 5 Friday 9 10 11 12 1 2

(9 points) Suppose that $f : A \rightarrow B$ is a function. Let's define $T : B \rightarrow \mathbb{P}(A)$ by $T(m) = \{x \in A \mid f(x) = m\}$. Then let $P = \{T(m) \mid m \in B\}$. Under what conditions is P a partition of A ? Briefly justify your answer.

(6 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

Pascal's identity states
 that $\binom{n+1}{k}$ is equal to

$$\binom{n}{k} + \binom{n}{k+1}$$

☐

$$\binom{n}{k} + \binom{n-1}{k}$$

☐

$$\binom{n}{k} + \binom{n}{k-1}$$

☐

Set B is a partition of a finite
 set A . Then

$$|B| \leq 2^{|A|}$$

☐

$$|B| \leq |A|$$

☐

$$|B| = 2^{|A|}$$

☐

$$|B| \leq |A + 1|$$

☐

The number of ways to select a set of 17
 flowers chosen from 4 possible varieties
 (zero or more of each variety).

$$\binom{17}{5}$$

☐

$$\binom{20}{4}$$

☐

$$\binom{20}{3}$$

☐

$$\binom{17}{4}$$

☐

$$\binom{21}{4}$$

☐

$$\frac{17!}{4!}$$

☐