

# CS 173, Spring 2016

## Examlet 3, Part B

NETID:

FIRST:

LAST:

Discussion:    Monday    9    10    11    12    1    2    3    4    5

1. (4 points) Is this claim true? Give a concrete counter-example or briefly explain why it's true.

For any sets  $A$ ,  $B$ , and  $C$ , if  $A \times C \subseteq B \times C$ , then  $A \subseteq B$ .

2. (4 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

$\forall x \in \mathbb{R}$ , if  $\pi = 3$ , then  $x < 20$ .

( $\pi$  is the familiar constant.)

true ☐

false ☐

undefined ☐

$|A \cup B| \leq |A| + |B|$

true for all sets A

☐

true for some sets A

☐

false for all sets A

☐

3. (7 points) In  $\mathbb{Z}_9$ , find the value of  $[5]^{41}$ . You must show your work, keeping all numbers in your calculations small. **You may not use a calculator.** You must express your final answer as  $[n]$ , where  $0 \leq n \leq 8$ .

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1. (4 points) Is this claim true? Give a concrete counter-example or briefly explain why it's true.

For any sets  $A$ ,  $B$ , and  $C$ ,  $A \cup (B - C) \subseteq (A \cup B) - C$

2. (4 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

If  $x \in A \cap B$ ,  
then  $x \in A$ .

true for all sets A and B  
false for all sets A and B

☐  
☐

true for some sets A and B

☐

$\{1, 2\} \cap \emptyset =$

$\emptyset$

☐

$\{(1, \emptyset), (2, \emptyset)\}$

☐

$\{1, 2, \emptyset\}$

☐

$\{\emptyset\}$

☐

$\{1, 2\}$

☐

undefined

☐

3. (7 points) In  $\mathbb{Z}_{13}$ , find the value of  $[9]^{19} \times [8]^4$ . You must show your work, keeping all numbers in your calculations small. **You may not use a calculator.** You must express your final answer as  $[n]$ , where  $0 \leq n \leq 12$ .

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1. (4 points)  $A = \{\text{ginger, clove, nutmeg}\}$        $B = \{\text{ginger, vanilla, pepper}\}$        $C = \{8\}$   
 $(A \cap B) \times C =$

$$(A \cap C) \times B =$$

2. (4 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

If  $x \in A - B$ ,  
 then  $x \in B$ .

true for all sets A and B  
 false for all sets A and B

☐  
☐

true for some sets A and B

☐

$$\{1, 2\} \cup \emptyset =$$

$\emptyset$

☐

$\{\emptyset\}$

☐

$\{1, 2\}$

☐

$\{(1, \emptyset), (2, \emptyset)\}$

☐

$\{1, 2, \emptyset\}$

☐

undefined

☐

3. (7 points) In  $\mathbb{Z}_{11}$ , find the value of  $[8]^{22}$ . You must show your work, keeping all numbers in your calculations small. **You may not use a calculator.** You must express your final answer as  $[n]$ , where  $0 \leq n \leq 10$ .

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1. (4 points) Is this claim true? Give a concrete counter-example or briefly explain why it's true.

For any sets  $A$ ,  $B$ , and  $C$ , if  $A \subseteq B$  then  $A \cap C \subseteq B \cap C$ .

2. (4 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

$|A - B| = |A| - |B|$       true for all sets A ☐  
false for all sets A ☐      true for some sets A ☐

$\emptyset \in A$       true for all sets A ☐  
false for all sets A ☐      true for some sets A ☐

3. (7 points) In  $\mathbb{Z}_{13}$ , find the value of  $[7]^{18} + [7]^4$ . You must show your work, keeping all numbers in your calculations small. **You may not use a calculator.** You must express your final answer as  $[n]$ , where  $0 \leq n \leq 12$ .

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1. (4 points)       $A = \{\text{trump, rubio}\}$        $B = \{\text{clinton, sanders}\}$   
 $C = \{ (\text{trump, clinton}), (\text{sanders, rubio}) \}$   
 $(B \times A) - C =$

$$(A \cap C) \times B =$$

2. (4 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

If  $x \in A \cup B$ ,  
then  $x \in A$ .

true for all sets A and B

☐

true for some sets A and B

☐

false for all sets A and B

☐

$\emptyset \subseteq A$

true for all sets A

☐

true for some sets A

☐

false for all sets A

☐

3. (7 points) In  $\mathbb{Z}_{11}$ , find the value of  $[7]^{38}$ . You must show your work, keeping all numbers in your calculations small. **You may not use a calculator.** You must express your final answer as  $[n]$ , where  $0 \leq n \leq 10$ .