

Name: _____

NetID: _____ Lecture: A B

Discussion: Thursday Friday 9 10 11 12 1 2 3 4 5 6

(15 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

$T(1) = d$	$\Theta(n)$	☐	$\Theta(n \log n)$	☐	$\Theta(n^2)$	☐	$\Theta(n^3)$	☐
$T(n) = 3T(n/2) + n$	$\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$	☐	$\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$	☒	$\Theta(2^n)$	☐	$\Theta(3^n)$	☐

$T(1) = d$	$\Theta(n)$	☒	$\Theta(n \log n)$	☐	$\Theta(n^2)$	☐	$\Theta(n^3)$	☐
$T(n) = 2T(n/2) + c$	$\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$	☐	$\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$	☐	$\Theta(2^n)$	☐	$\Theta(3^n)$	☐

Adding element to head of linked list	$\Theta(1)$	☒	$\Theta(\log n)$	☐	$\Theta(n)$	☐	$\Theta(n \log n)$	☐
	$\Theta(n^2)$	☐	$\Theta(n^3)$	☐	$\Theta(2^n)$	☐	$\Theta(3^n)$	☐

Problems in class NP (as in P vs. NP)
can be solved in polynomial time

true ☐ false ☐ not known ☒

The solution to the Tower of
Hanoi puzzle with n disks
requires $\Theta(2^n)$ steps

true ☒ false ☐ not known ☐

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$T(1) = d$	$\Theta(n)$	☐	$\Theta(n \log n)$	☐	$\Theta(n^2)$	☐	$\Theta(n^3)$	☐
$T(n) = 3T(n/2) + d$	$\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$	☐	$\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$	☒	$\Theta(2^n)$	☐	$\Theta(3^n)$	☐

The running time of binary search is recursively defined by $T(1) = d$ and $T(n) =$

$T(n/2) + c$	☒	$T(n/2) + cn$	☐
$2T(n/2) + c$	☐	$2T(n/2) + cn$	☐

Algorithm A takes $\log_2 n$ time. On one input, A takes x time. How long will it take if I double the input size?

$x + 1$	☒	$2x$	☐	2^x	☐	x^2	☐
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The Towers of Hanoi puzzle can be solved in polynomial time.

true	☐	false	☒	not known	☐
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Problems in class NP (as in P vs. NP) can be solved in exponential time

true	☒	false	☐	not known	☐
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(15 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

$T(1) = c$	$\Theta(n)$	☐	$\Theta(n \log n)$	☐	$\Theta(n^2)$	☒	$\Theta(n^3)$	☐
$T(n) = 4T(n/2) + n$	$\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$	☐	$\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$	☐	$\Theta(2^n)$	☐	$\Theta(3^n)$	☐

Adding element to start of array (array gets longer)	$\Theta(1)$	☐	$\Theta(\log n)$	☐	$\Theta(n)$	☒	$\Theta(n \log n)$	☐
	$\Theta(n^2)$	☐	$\Theta(n^3)$	☐	$\Theta(2^n)$	☐	$\Theta(3^n)$	☐

Algorithm A takes 2^n time. On one input, A takes x time. How long will it take if I double the input size?

$x + 2$ ☐ $2x$ ☐ 2^x ☐ x^2 ☒

Deciding whether an input logic expression be made true by appropriate choice of input values.

polynomial ☐ exponential ☐ in NP ☒

For a problem to satisfy the definition of co-NP, a “no” answer must have a succinct justification.

true ☒ false ☐

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(15 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

$T(1) = d$	$\Theta(\log n)$	☐	$\Theta(\sqrt{n})$	☒	$\Theta(n)$	☐	$\Theta(n \log n)$	☐
$T(n) = 2T(n/4) + c$	$\Theta(n^2)$	☐	$\Theta(n^3)$	☐	$\Theta(2^n)$	☐	$\Theta(3^n)$	☐

The running time of the Towers of Hanoi solver is recursively defined by $T(1) = d$ and $T(n) =$

$2T(n-1) + c$	☒	$2T(n-1) + cn$	☐
$2T(n/2) + c$	☐	$2T(n/2) + cn$	☐

Algorithm A takes n^2 time. On one input, A takes x time. How long will it take if I double the input size?

$x + 1$	☐	$2x$	☐	$4x$	☒	x^3	☐
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Determining whether a graph with n edges is connected.

polynomial	☒	exponential	☐	in NP	☐
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Problems in class NP require exponential time

true	☐	false	☐	not known	☒
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(15 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

$T(1) = c$	$\Theta(n)$	☐	$\Theta(n \log n)$	☐	$\Theta(n^2)$	☒	$\Theta(n^3)$	☐
$T(n) = 4T(n/2) + n$	$\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$	☐	$\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$	☐	$\Theta(2^n)$	☐	$\Theta(3^n)$	☐

$T(1) = c$	$\Theta(n)$	☐	$\Theta(n \log n)$	☒	$\Theta(n^2)$	☐	$\Theta(n^3)$	☐
$T(n) = 3T(n/3) + n$	$\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$	☐	$\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$	☐	$\Theta(2^n)$	☐	$\Theta(3^n)$	☐

Changing last value in array	$\Theta(1)$	☒	$\Theta(\log n)$	☐	$\Theta(n)$	☐	$\Theta(n \log n)$	☐
	$\Theta(n^2)$	☐	$\Theta(n^3)$	☐	$\Theta(2^n)$	☐	$\Theta(3^n)$	☐

In a set of n 2D points, which pair of points is closest?	polynomial	☒	exponential	☐	in NP	☐
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For a problem to satisfy the definition of NP, a “yes” answer must have a succinct justification.	true	☒	false	☐
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(6 points) Fill in the missing bits of this recursive algorithm for returning the location of a number k in a sorted list of numbers $a_p, a_2, \dots, a_q$.

search(p,q,k) \\\ assume $p \leq q$

$m := \lfloor (p + q)/2 \rfloor$

if $k = a_m$ then return m

else if $(k < a_m)$ and $p < m$ then

Solution: return search(p,m-1,k)

else if $(k > a_m)$ and $q > m$ then

Solution: return search(m+1,q,k)

else return -1 \\\ i.e. error, not found

(9 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

$T(1) = c$	$\Theta(n)$	☐	$\Theta(n \log n)$	☐	$\Theta(n^2)$	☒	$\Theta(n^3)$	☐
$T(n) = 4T(n/2) + n$	$\Theta(n^{\log_3 2})$	☐	$\Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$	☐	$\Theta(2^n)$	☐	$\Theta(3^n)$	☐

Changing last value	$\Theta(1)$	☐	$\Theta(\log n)$	☐	$\Theta(n)$	☒	$\Theta(n \log n)$	☐
in linked list	$\Theta(n^2)$	☐	$\Theta(n^3)$	☐	$\Theta(2^n)$	☐	$\Theta(3^n)$	☐

For a problem to satisfy the definition of co-NP,
a “yes” answer must have a succinct justification.

true ☐

false ☒