

NAME _____

NETID _____

MIDTERM EXAM

ECE 451

March 10, 2021

Instructions: Write your name and NetID where indicated. This examination consists of 4 problems. This is an open-book and open-notes exam. Use $50\ \Omega$ as the reference impedance for all measurement systems.

Problem 1 (25 pts)	Problem 2 (25 pts)	Problem 3 (25 pts)	Problem 4 (25 pts)	Total (100 pts)

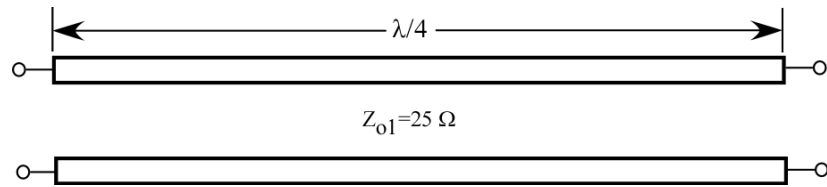
Mason's non-touching loop rule:

$$T = \frac{P_1 \left[1 - \sum L(1)^{(1)} + \sum L(2)^{(1)} - \dots \right] + P_2 \left[1 - \sum L(1)^{(2)} + \sum L(2)^{(2)} - \dots \right] + \dots}{1 - \sum L(1) + \sum L(2) - \sum L(3) + \dots}$$

1. The matrices below are measured scattering parameters. In each case, indicate the characteristics that apply by checking in the appropriate boxes.

	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.8 & 0.6 \\ 0.6 & j0.8 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0.1 \\ 10 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & e^{-(\alpha+j\beta)d} \\ e^{-(\alpha+j\beta)d} & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \alpha, \beta > 0$
active			
reciprocal			
lossy			

2. For the transmission line shown below, write the scattering parameter matrix as measured on a 50- Ω network analyzer.



3. A transmission line of characteristic impedance Z_o , length d , propagation velocity v , and propagation constant β is terminated with an open.

- (a) Find the input impedance Z_{in} . Express your answers in terms of Z_o , β , and d
- (b) Draw a rough sketch of Z_{in}/Z_o for βd ranging from 0 to π and label the frequency bands where the transmission line looks capacitive and where it looks inductive.
- (c) At what frequencies does this open transmission line look like a short circuit?

4. A lossless transmission line has the following per unit length parameters: $L = 80 \text{ nH}\cdot\text{m}^{-1}$, $C = 200 \text{ pF}\cdot\text{m}^{-1}$. Consider a traveling wave on the transmission line with a frequency of 1 GHz.

- (a) What is the attenuation constant?
- (b) What is the phase constant?
- (c) What is the phase velocity?
- (d) What is the characteristic impedance of the line?
- (e) When the dielectric in the transmission line is replaced with air ($\epsilon_r = 1$), the capacitance per unit length of the line is found to be $C(\text{air}) = 50 \text{ pF}\cdot\text{m}^{-1}$. What was the effective relative permittivity of the dielectric?