1. (6 points) Evaluate the following limit. Show sufficient work to justify your answer.

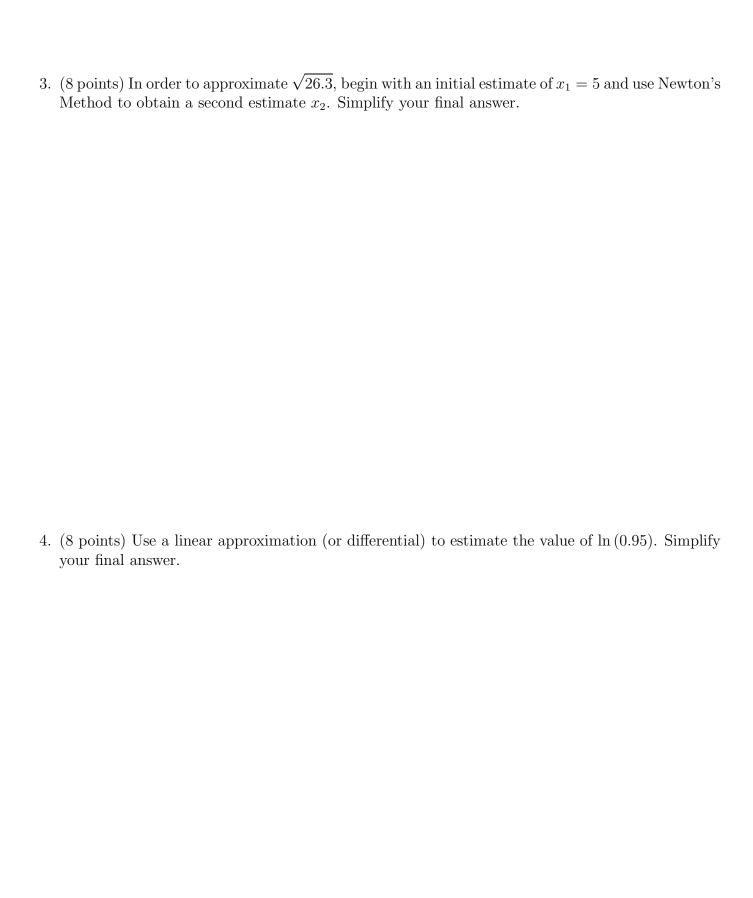
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{e^{3x} - 1}{8x}$$

2. (12 points) Evaluate the following limits. No work needs to be shown.

(a) 
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x^{64}}{16e^x}$$

(b) 
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{8 - 2\ln x}{5x}$$

(c) 
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\ln(9x)}$$



5. (8 points) Find f(x) given that  $f'(x) = 8 + 3\sin x$  and f(0) = 35.

6. (8 points) Find any antiderivative of the function f(x) = (3x + 4)(5x + 2).

7. (8 points) Find the most general antiderivative of the function  $f(x) = \frac{8x^2 + 6}{x}$ .

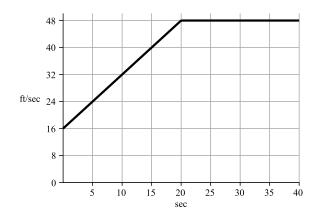
8. (6 points) Evaluate the following limit.

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{6i}{n^2}$$

9. (6 points) The value of the definite integral  $\int_{8}^{14} \ln x \, dx$  can be written as a limit. Fill in the missing information in this limit.

$$\int_{8}^{14} \ln x \, dx = \lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left( \right)$$

10. (10 points) An object's velocity in feet per second is given by the graph for the time interval shown. What is the exact total distance the object travels during the first 20 seconds of this interval?



11. (12 points) Suppose that f is integrable on the interval [4, 10]. Given that  $\int_4^{10} f(x) dx = 10$  and  $\int_4^6 f(x) dx = 3$ , evaluate the following definite integrals.

(a) 
$$\int_6^4 f(x) \, dx$$

(b) 
$$\int_{6}^{6} f(x) dx$$

(c) 
$$\int_{6}^{10} f(x) dx$$

